



# LPR Cup 2023

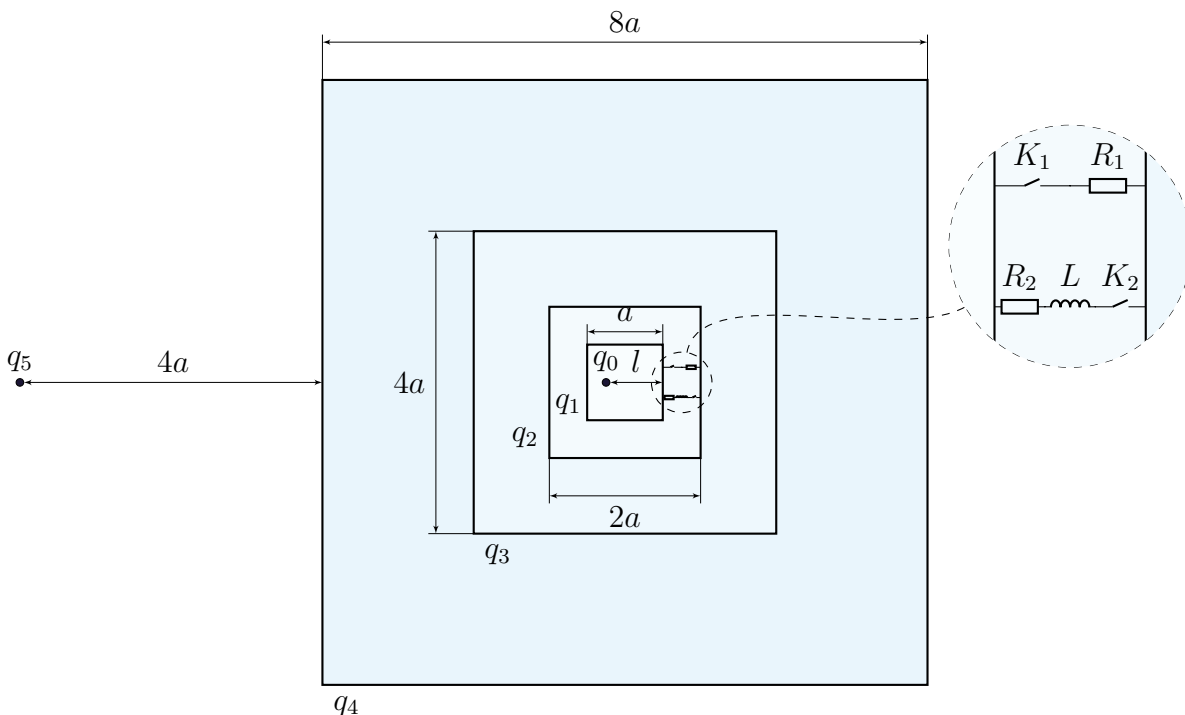
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*We've got some rough times ahead, but it's going to be ok, because we're family.*

*Dominic Toretto, "F9"*

## Cubic Matryoshka

Thin-walled hollow conducting concentric Cubie, Cube, Cubess and Cuborg with sides  $a$ ,  $2a$ ,  $4a$ ,  $8a$  charged with  $q_1 = q$ ,  $q_2 = 4q$ ,  $q_3 = 4q$  and  $q_4 = 10q$  respectively. Inside Cubie on the axis passing through the centers of opposite faces, at a distance  $l = 3a/4$  from the center of the Cubie's face there is a point charge  $q_0 = q$ . Outside Cuborg on the same axis at a distance  $4a$  from he's face there is a point charge  $q_5 = 10q$  (see fig.). Let the potential be zero at infinity. Then the potential of the Cuborg is  $\varphi_{out}$ , and Cubie's potential is  $\varphi_{in}$ .



1. (3 points) What is the current through the resistor  $R_1$  immediately after closing the key  $K_1$ ? The resistance  $R_1$  is much greater than the resistance of the Cubes.
2. (2 points) How much charge will flow through the key  $K_1$  after its closure?

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3. (3 points) How much heat will be released during this process?
4. (2 points) Consider that we did not close the key  $K_1$ . What is the frequency of oscillations when the key  $K_2$  is closed?

The inductance of the Cubes can be neglected. The resistance  $R_2$  is much greater than the resistance of the Cubes, but it is small enough for the losses over the period to be much less than the energy of oscillations.

First hint — 24.04.2023 20:00 (Moscow time)

Second hint — 26.04.2023 12:00 (Moscow time)

Final of the first round — 28.04.2023 20:00 (Moscow time)

